IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

4:19-CR-3015

vs.

STEVEN G. PETERSON,

Defendant.

TENTATIVE FINDINGS

The Court has received the revised presentence investigation report in this case. There are no objections to the presentence report. The defendant has filed a motion for downward variance (filing 90).

IT IS ORDERED:

- 1. The Court will consult and follow the Federal Sentencing Guidelines to the extent permitted and required by *United States* v. *Booker*, 543 U.S. 220 (2005) and subsequent cases. In this regard, the Court gives notice that, unless otherwise ordered, it will:
 - (a) give the advisory Guidelines respectful consideration within the context of each individual case and will filter the Guidelines' advice through the 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) factors, but will not afford the Guidelines any particular or "substantial" weight;
 - (b) resolve all factual disputes relevant to sentencing by the greater weight of the evidence and without the aid of a jury;

- (c) impose upon the United States the burden of proof on all Guidelines enhancements;
- (d) impose upon the defendant the burden of proof on all Guidelines mitigators;
- (e) depart from the advisory Guidelines, if appropriate, using pre-Booker departure theory; and
- (f) in cases where a departure using pre-Booker departure theory is not warranted, deviate or vary from the Guidelines when there is a principled reason justifying a sentence different than that called for by application of the advisory Guidelines, again without affording the Guidelines any particular or "substantial" weight.
- 2. There are no objections to the presentence report. The defendant has filed a motion for downward variance (filing 90) based upon his personal circumstances and the circumstances of the offense.

 See filing 92. The Court will resolve this motion at sentencing,

¹ The Court notes the unique procedural posture of this case, based on the previous entry of judgment as to the other, unrelated count contained in the indictment. *See* filing 69. Usually, where convictions and sentences arise from a multicount indictment, only a single judgment of conviction results. *United States v. Dodson*, 291 F.3d 268, 274 (4th Cir. 2002). But here, the Court has elected to proceed—and directed the probation office to prepare the presentence report—based on a *de facto* severance of the factually unrelated counts with which the defendant was charged. *See United States v. King*, 257 F.3d 1013, 1020-21 (9th Cir. 2001); see also United States v. Abrams, 137 F.3d 704, 707 (2d Cir. 1998).

- based upon the 3553(a) factors and the Court's decision in *United States v. Abraham*, 944 F. Supp. 2d 723 (D. Neb. 2013).
- 3. Except to the extent, if any, that the Court has sustained an objection, granted a motion, or reserved an issue for later resolution in the preceding paragraph, the parties are notified that the Court's tentative findings are that the presentence report is correct in all respects.
- 4. If any party wishes to challenge these tentative findings, that party shall, as soon as possible (but in any event no later than three (3) business days before sentencing) file with the Court and serve upon opposing counsel an objection challenging these tentative findings, supported by a brief as to the law and such evidentiary materials as are required, giving due regard to the local rules of practice governing the submission of evidentiary materials. If an evidentiary hearing is requested, such filings should include a statement describing why a hearing is necessary and how long such a hearing would take.
- 5. Absent timely submission of the information required by the preceding paragraph, the Court's tentative findings may become final and the presentence report may be relied upon by the Court without more.
- 6. Unless otherwise ordered, any objection challenging these tentative findings shall be resolved at sentencing.

Dated this 26th day of May, 2020.

BY THE COURT:

hn M. Gerrard hief United States District Judge